

The Morrow Mercantile Co.'s

Entire \$60,000 Stock

THROWN ON THE MARKET REGARDLESS OF COST

NOW IN THE HANDS OF THE NEW YORK SALES
PROMOTING COMPANY, H. B. LOEB, MANAGER.

Every article in this store must and will be sold at some price; Goods must be sold.
Dry Goods, Clothing, Shoes, Hats, Notions, Quilts, Blankets, Underwear, Ladies
Cloaks, Furniture, Crockery, Hardware, Tinware. Everything for men, women and
children and Household goods, Harness and Groceries.

Everybody come.

Sale Ends Saturday Night, Nov. 11.

THE MORROW MERCANTILE COMPANY,

Rainer's Old Stand.

East Side Square.

Elba, Alabama.

Is Hospitality Growing Extinct.

Not long ago we recorded the pitiful fact that the mother-in-law had been barred from a Boston theater. A New York judge has gone far beyond taken steps toward the elimination of the lady herself from the homes of her married children. A late judicial opinion fixes the days as the proper limit for a mother-in-law's visit. Henceforth in the metropolis mothers-in-law overstaying the ten-days' limit do so at their own risk.

Hospitality is achieving new low records almost every day. One paper is bewailing the passing of the spare room, the time-honored symbol of hospitality. The stingy city flat has rung the death knell of the guest room; the flat-dweller finds it hard enough to find room for the family. Some one has discovered that the old sociable Saturday night has passed away. A society-column conductor sheds a tear over the passing of the formal call; automobiles and bridge whist have wrought its downfall. And how the ban on mothers-in-law! Is social life to be limited to the telephone and the picture postcard?—Success.

The Duty of The Lawyer.

An extract from the address of Woodrow Wilson delivered before the Kentucky Bar Association: If the bar associations of this country were to devote themselves, with the great knowledge and ability at their command, to the utter simplification of judicial procedure, to the abolition of technical difficulties and pitfalls, to the removal of every unnecessary form, to the absolute subordination of method to the object sought, they would do a great patriotic service,

which, if they will not address themselves to it, must be undertaken by laymen and notaries. The actual miscarriages of justice, because of nothing more than a mere slip in a phrase or a mere error in an immaterial form, are nothing less than shocking. Their number is incalculable, but much more incalculable than their number is the damage they do to the reputation of the profession and to the majesty and integrity of the law. Any one bar association which would show the way to radical reform in these matters would insure a universal reconsideration of the matter from one end of the country to the other and would by that means redeem the reputation of a great profession and set American society forward a whole generation in its struggle for an equitable adjustment of its difficulties.

Catching Up With Bryan.

The Hastings, Nebraska, Democrat has the following remarks, sent the action of the house of governors at the recent meeting: "In 1896 Mr. Bryan was accused of being an anarchist and a demagogue, and his party followers a lot of hoodlums because the democratic national platform mildly criticized our higher courts for taking out themselves powers not granted them by law. The recently meeting in New Jersey took just the same brave position on this subject that Mr. Bryan and the democratic national convention took sixteen years ago. At that time Governor Harmon of Ohio was in President Cleveland's cabinet and he bolted Mr. Bryan and the national democratic convention work for that particular reason. Now Governor Harmon is chairman of a committee of three to present these grievances to the supreme court of the United States to find if there is any redress. What grievances? The same sort of grievances that Mr. Bryan and the democrats complained of in 1896—that have continued ever since—federal courts undoing acts of legislatures and of congress. This agitation is sure to bring about the recall of judges and the election every four or six years of every federal judge high and low.

Here Is The Key To Happiness.

Just help some one, give a cheerful smile to a lonely boy, a word of praise to a sensitive, self-doubting worker, a bit of forbearance to your wife, and of kindly interest and attention to your children. Forget, if you can, how poor you are, how unjustly treated, how lonesome, how wronged; forget it and do a little sowing of cheer and good nature in the soil right where you are standing; do this and the first thing you know happiness, the willful jade, will steal up behind you and have her arms about your neck. It is pathetic, this world. There is not a discontented woman, nor a disillusioned man, nor a worried, fretted spirit, nor a lonesome, wretched life but stands right on the edge of joy and contentment. They face a door and have no key. They perish of thirst for an unguessed heart. They long for love among hearts aching to love them. And, alas they will probably not take this key I offer them, because it is simple, plain common sense, and is not a newfangled religion, nor some raging fad, nor any sort of housepocus. Nevertheless, here's your key.—Selected.

5 or 6 doses "886" will cure any Case of Chills and Fever. Price 25c.

When to Apply Lightly.

For cuts, burns, sores and open wounds apply Hanford's Balsam lightly, but be sure that it covers and gets to the bottom of the wound. A few light applications will quickly heal the above class of difficulties.

WALSH'S PAROLE BROKEN BY DEATH

Financier, Just Out of Pen,
Called to the Beyond.

ONLY NINE DAYS' LIBERTY

Only Nine Days Since He Left Penitentiary—Walsh's Family Charge Taft and Wickersham With Responsibility for His Death.
John R. Walsh, former head of the Chicago National bank, died at his home in Chicago Monday. He lived only nine days to enjoy the liberty of his parole from the federal penitentiary at Leavenworth, Kansas, gained by the continuous efforts of family and friends since his incarceration of one year, eight months and twenty-six days. Death was caused by myocarditis, an inflammation of the muscles of the heart.
The banker was 74 years old. Members of his family attributed the immediate cause of his death to his imprisonment and charged President Taft and Attorney General Wickersham with responsibility in failing to arrange the parole earlier.
"They wanted the last ounce of blood," said Orville E. Babcock, son-in-law of Walsh.
"Who do you mean by 'they'?"
"President Taft and Attorney General Wickersham," he replied. "We presented them with statements by Dr. Frank Billings and Dr. Joseph A. Capp, stating that Mr. Walsh was dangerously ill, and that further confinement meant his death. They ignored these medical statements and his death resulted from the long delay in obtaining his release."
Mr. Walsh entered the Leavenworth penitentiary in January, 1910, to begin a five-year sentence.

SLAYS HIS FATHER.

At Dinner Table, Family Tragedy Is Enacted.

W. P. Darnell, a prominent farmer of Pocatello, Madison county, not many miles from Athens, Ga., was shot and killed by his 18-year-old son, Claude Darnell.

Mr. Darnell was a successful business man and planter, and was prominent in his county and community in politics, church and business circles. He was 35 or 36 years old. Claude Darnell is the eldest child of Mr. and Mrs. Darnell.

The father and son disagreed, according to the evidence, that in some measure reluctantly drawn from witnesses at the coroner's investigation. The elder man went to Illa, a village not more than 5 miles distant, with a load of cotton, and was away for several hours. The son remained at home, and all that is said as to the cause of the quarrel is that nobody knows what they quarreled about.

When the father returned from Illa and the family was called to dinner, the older man and his son sat down to the table together, and the head of the house reverently asked a blessing on the meal.

The matter of personal difference was again brought up, heated words were spoken and the quarrel was resumed. The son left the table and, opening a trunk in his own room, took therefrom a .38-calibre pistol and came back into the dining room. The pistol was full of cartridges, and was a Smith & Wesson.

While the father was still seated at the table, so the best reports available say, the boy aimed and shot his father from the rear. Deliberate aim must have been taken, as the bullet entered the brain near the left ear and lodged over the right eye. The coroner held an investigation, and the jury declared the act to be murder. The son is being held in the Danville jail for further searching investigation.

In a letter to Mrs. Clara Shortridge Feltz, head of one of the suffrage clubs that conducted the recent campaign, Attorney General Webb, of California, declares that women must tell their real ages when they register to vote, otherwise their votes may be challenged.

THE ELBA CLIPPER.

TWICE-A-WEEK.

VOL. XV.

ELBA, ALABAMA, TUESDAY, NOVEMBER, 7, 1911.

REMOVAL OF BOWMAN IS RECOMMENDED

By H. Y. Brooke, Examiner of Public Accounts. Mr. Brooke's Report in Full.

State Examiner of Public Accounts, H. Y. Brooke, Saturday submitted to Gov. O'Neal his report of investigations made in regard to official misconduct of P. G. Bowman, Tax Commissioner of Jefferson County and recommended the removal of Bowman from the said office on account of trading the office to A. A. Gambill. The report with recommendation is as follows:

Hon. Emmett O'Neal, Governor of Alabama.

Sir:—Pursuant to your orders, I have examined the books, records and affairs concerning the office of P. G. Bowman, county tax commissioner of Jefferson County, from the date of his appointment to the 31st of October, inclusive, and report as follows:

The system of books introduced into that office under the administration of Mr. Bowman will bear good fruit in the equalization of taxes if the same are properly used and the office properly administered.

On the 17th day of May Colonel Bowman entered into a contract with A. A. Gambill in which it was agreed that Gambill was "To have the active control and management of the county tax commissioner's office." There is no reservation of powers by the county tax commissioner, but the whole office was placed under the control of Mr. Gambill. The latter clause of said contract is the following remarkable statement: "It is further agreed by both the parties to this contract that the party of the second party (Gambill) devote as much of his time to the conduct of the business in the office of the county tax commissioner as in his (Gambill) judgment may seem meet and proper for the proper conduct of said business."

It is remarkable, to say the least, that a subordinate should be placed in absolute control and management of an office and then be given a license to say what amount of time he should devote to the office. In addition to that, on the 14th day of August, 1911, P. G. Bowman executed a power of attorney to said Gambill, which is set out in full in the testimony of Gambill, and in that power of attorney are the following words: "I do hereby grant unto my said attorney full power and authority to do the acts necessary and proper to be done in or in connection with the office of county tax commissioner of Jefferson County." A careful construing of the contract and the power of attorney will show that this office passed absolutely into the possession of A. A. Gambill, and the only reservation of powers whatsoever, is the following: "Though in the conduct of the business of the office, the party of the second party (Gambill) is to consult the party of the first party in reference to the general policy of the office." But with that in the contract it appears to be clear that Colonel Bowman reserved no control over the office.

On the 30th day of May Colonel Bowman executed to Gambill a note for \$2,500, payable on the 27th day of November, 1912, with interest at 8 per cent, and on the same day he executed an order to A. A. Gambill "To collect and retain out of my commissions as tax commissioner for said county the sum of \$2,500 with 8 per cent interest thereon for the purpose of payment of my said notes."

This transaction passed to Gambill the absolute control, management and the emoluments of said office up to an amount of \$2,500 with 8 per cent interest thereon. I have investigated the various rumors as to other monetary considerations and find that most likely these rumors grew out of the following transaction. On May 6th 1911, the American Trust and Savings Bank took over the Peoples Savings Bank & Trust Company for \$10,800. The date of the original paper I have not been able to obtain. It was renewed on May 8, 1911, and on August 4, 1911, it was again renewed by the payment of \$2,000 on the principle and reduced to \$8,800. The collateral to secure this note is Certificate No. 11 for fifty shares of the Moore-Gambill Real Estate & Insurance Company stock, and the date of the certificate is March 28, 1910. This paper is still the property of the owners of the old Peoples Savings Bank and Trust Company and is merely in the possession of the American Trust & Savings Bank for collection and liquidation under the contract by which said bank and its securities were taken over.

In August there was also a note given to the first National Bank for \$4,500, which note was endorsed by R. D. Burnett. On the day that this note was discounted about \$800 was paid on check of said Gambill in cash and \$1,000 was applied to the payment of past due paper held by that bank. This accounts fully for all transactions of a financial nature that rumor has connected with the disposition of the tax commissioner's office.

Systematic Effort At Developed Property. The most serious escapement in this examination is the fact, if the testimony of the witnesses can be believed, that a systematic effort was made to have people let their property escape from the assessor and assess it to the tax commissioner, thereby making a showing as to the amount of work done by said official, and at the same time very materially increasing the income of Gambill, and in that power of attorney to this fact are W. P. G. Harding, Eugene L. Brown, M. P. Messer, J. H. Molton, John McCarroll and I. C. Beatty. There were other witnesses given to me, but I have been unable to get service on them for the reason that they are out of the city. The other witnesses were examined and testified that the proposition had not been made to them. Mr. Gambill admitted in his testimony to having discussed tax matters with each of the witnesses mentioned. Construing this action in the light of the letter and the spirit of the tax commission law, it is unquestionably violative of both. Before completing this examination after consultation with the governor, I sent the following telegram to Mr. Bowman:

"Hon. P. G. Bowman, Back Tax Commissioner of Jefferson County, Birmingham, Ala. I have completed the examination of your office and the investigation of matters connected with the appointment of Dr. Vann, with the exception of taking a statement from you. I will be in the office of the sheriff of Jefferson county at 10 o'clock on Friday morning, November third, nineteen hundred and eleven, and at that time and place if you desire to make a statement in connection with either matter I will receive it."

On Friday morning I met Mr. Bowman in the office of the sheriff and in reply to the question that I was ready to hear and take any statement he wished to make, he replied, "I have no statement to make."

For the reasons above set forth and considering the evidence of all the witnesses, I recommended the removal of P. G. Bowman from the office of tax commissioner of Jefferson County. The testimony taken in this investigation is herewith attached and made a part of this report. Respectfully submitted,

H. Y. Brooke, Examiner of Public Accounts.

Governor Wants Laws Altered.

Special to Birmingham Ledger.

Montgomery, Ala., Nov. 3.—Governor O'Neal believes that the arrangement of Alabama's judicial districts needs revision, and badly, too. It is also his opinion that the law should be so altered as to insure fewer reversals of serious criminal cases on technicalities. He is inclined to the belief that England's judicial system is the greatest on the top side of the globe and he wishes Alabama had some of its methods.

His excellency said today that he favors a complete change in the arrangement of the present judicial districts, and he would like to see such legislation as well carry his views into effect.

"The state is being overburdened with the creation of numerous small courts, such as courts of equity," said the governor. "The state is actually getting top-heavy with them. There should be a revision so as to decrease the number of judges and pay the remaining ones more money. There are some judicial districts that are too small, while there are others which are too large, giving the presiding judge too much work. There should be an equalization."

The governor declared that it is positively shocking to see so many criminal cases reversed on mere technicalities, but he does not blame this on the judiciary, as he says they sit on the bench as mere automatons to expound the law. The trouble lies in the system.

His excellency pointed to the splendid features of the English law and he remarked that when a person is convicted of a high crime in that country there is rarely such a thing known as a reversal.

When he has more time, the governor indicated that he expected to express his views more fully. Being a lawyer, he is deeply interested in the betterment of the judiciary system.

Kelley-Thomas.

Mr. Ed Kelley and Miss Florrie Thomas were married to each other last Sunday, at the residence of Mr. S. E. Thomas, Victoria, Alabama, Elder J. J. Shields performed the marriage ceremony.

Mr. Kelley is the youngest son of the late R. A. Kelley, and a splendid young man. Miss Thomas is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. S. E. Thomas, both being members of prominent families of Victoria county.

The Clipper wishes for these young people a long and happy married life.

5 or 6 doses "886" will cure any case of chills and fever. Price 25c.

FARMERS ARE ADVISED TO HOLD COTTON.

Conference at New Orleans Adopts Resolutions.

The conference of Southern governors at New Orleans, La., which adjourned Tuesday, passed resolutions which are likely to result in much good to the farmers of the entire southland if heeded by them. Millions of dollars have already been lost to the farmers on account of the low price of cotton. The plan outlined by the conference is practical and can be easily followed, and will certainly raise and maintain better prices for the south's cotton crop. The resolutions are as follows:

"We earnestly recommend to the planters of the southern states to follow the example of Louisiana and so diversify their crops as to produce everything necessary for the farm and let cotton be the surplus crop even if the 'yearly crop shall be twenty-five per cent of the present crop for they shall get as much as now for much less labor than this year's crop will yield at present prices and this will soon free themselves from any debt and leave them in good financial condition to sell their crops at an advantage and not market their crop within 90 days as they have been accustomed to do."

"We call upon our representatives in congress to have the present federal crop reporting bureau changed so as to require the periodical publication of reliable statistics on trade information from all cotton using countries. We also ask that commissioners of all cotton growing states to provide to gather and publish information and we suggest the legislative of cotton states adequate appropriations to this end and uniform legislatures to enable the commissioners to act in concert and to constitute a Bureau of Cotton Manufacturing, Trade and Demand to the end that with the estimates of production, which are now furnished by the federal government there may also be estimates of demand and thus put the planter in a position to fix a fair price for his product."

"The members of the conference have been reliably informed that bids on the cotton exchange have been charged with conspiring to buy cotton and advance the price and if this be in accordance with the governments plans, then the bears who conspire to sell cotton which they do not possess with the expectation of a decline in price, be also presented."

"A fair and comprehensive method of future trading in cotton is acceptable with the proper movement and distribution of the crop but as the system has been, in instances, operated, the system has been abused to the loss of legitimate traders. We urgently recommend that Congress pass such laws as will abate such abuse and will regulate the contract trading to the end that it discharge its function as a trade utility, fair alike to both buyer and seller and the commodity which the subject of future transactions."

"In order that the producer of cotton may be enabled to make the crop reduce gradually and be of intrinsic value. It is necessary that he have warehouse facilities in holding his cotton and that the receipt issued therefrom shall carry on its face such undisputed evidence of validity and solvency that it can be readily negotiated at low interest rates, not only in the locality of its issue, but in the commercial centers of the world."

"It is expected that several

"We recommend that for ourselves agree, that the Governor of each cotton State proceed at once to appoint a representative in each school or voting district to secure from each farmer a binding and written pledge to reduce his cotton acreage in 1912 25 per cent below his acreage in 1911."

"Without discussing the merits of pending proposals for reform of the present monetary system, we recommend that any reform made shall include a provision including commercial paper representing cotton and other manufacturing products."

"It is our firm opinion that by prompt and aggressive action under co-operation and organization the cotton farmers and business men of the Southern States can speedily rescue the present crop from impending sacrifice and can restore the fair price which the crop warrants and can secure stable values from year to year."

5 or 6 doses of Kin-Lax will cure any case of biliousness. City Drug Co.

The Fire Alarm.

The fire alarm was given yesterday morning about 4:30 and hurried many of Elba's sleeping folks out of beds. It was soon discovered that fire had started up in some way in the rear end of Mr. J. D. Parker's grocery store near the kerosene oil tank, and the floor was slightly burned. There was considerable damage done to feed stuff and groceries by water used in extinguishing the fire. There was some insurance on goods.

Charley Smith Shoots Wife.

On the Tom Lay place east of Elba Sunday night, Charley Smith, colored, fired his double-barrel shot gun into the home of Lou Forsythe, and some of the shot struck his wife, Minnie Smith, and Lou Forsythe in their faces, but not causing serious injury. The negro made his escape to the woods where he succeeded in eluding Deputy Sheriff Davis all day Monday. On account of heavy raining, the dogs could not trace the negro, but he was captured last night on Mr. Jim Marsh's place, and has now been placed in jail here by Deputy Sheriff Davis.

State governments shall take part in the plan to bring about these warehouse facilities or others necessary plans.

"During the next twelve months we recommend that the unsold cotton of the present crop be withdrawn from the market and disposed of by a system of gradual marketing. We urge bankers and business men to co-operate with the farmers in this undertaking."

Vast Funds to Help Farmers of South Are Offered by Syndicate of Foreign Bankers.

We report to the cotton farmers that tentative and attractive propositions have been made by responsible financial interests for purchasing some 2,000,000 bales of the present crop. This has been referred to a committee. A reduction of acreage in 1912 is urged as a necessary part of any plan of holding and financing the present crop.

"We recommend and for ourselves agree, that the Governor of each cotton State proceed at once to appoint a representative in each school or voting district to secure from each farmer a binding and written pledge to reduce his cotton acreage in 1912 25 per cent below his acreage in 1911."

"Without discussing the merits of pending proposals for reform of the present monetary system, we recommend that any reform made shall include a provision including commercial paper representing cotton and other manufacturing products."

"It is our firm opinion that by prompt and aggressive action under co-operation and organization the cotton farmers and business men of the Southern States can speedily rescue the present crop from impending sacrifice and can restore the fair price which the crop warrants and can secure stable values from year to year."

"The committee which is to consider the proposed financing of the 2,000,000 bales of the present crop is composed of the Governors of Texas, Louisiana, Alabama, Mississippi and four citizens of business life, to be appointed by the Governors named."

5 or 6 doses of Kin-Lax will cure any case of biliousness. City Drug Co.

POOR

ORIGINAL

BLEED THROUGH

The Elba Clipper, Twice-A-Week.

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subscription.

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at the Postoffice at Elba, Ala., under the act of
Congress of March 3, 1879.

ELBA, ALA., NOV. 7, 1911.

People who do not attend church do
not realize what blessings they
miss.

Woodrow Wilson is for the
common man, and against the
money kings of the country.

When the wicked rule, says the
Bible, the people mourn. Never
was there a truer saying.

The recall is the best thing
when unworthy men have been
unwisely put in office.

The National government can
and should pass laws protecting
the southern cotton growers in the
sale of their product. The cotton
gamblers should be sent to the
penitentiary.

Gov. O'Neal seems to have
changed his views on the recall.
It may be that he makes a distinction
between officials whom the
people elect and those he appoints.

P. G. Bowman says that the issue
is between himself and O'Neal.
Does he really mean that matters
have become personal and that
they are after each other's scalp?
Bowman says the people of Alabama
will have to decide this issue.

The Governor's Painful Duty Ably Performed.

We are inclined to speak a word
of commendation for Gov. O'Neal
for rising above personal feeling
and political obligations and dis-
charging what he himself calls a
painful duty. We know it must
have been exceedingly embarrass-
ing to Governor O'Neal to be con-
fronted with the necessity of re-
moving from office his own trusted
political lieutenant and appointee
to office.

It takes great fidelity to duty
to do that which his personal and
political friend, Peyton G. Bowman—
can only view as base
ingratitude, but Governor O'Neal
proved equal to the occasion and
as Alabama's Chief Executive, in
defense of the honor of the state
placed the stamp of condemnation
on graft, crookedness and corrup-
tion in public office by removing
the man whom he had chosen a
few months ago to honor with one
of the best appointive offices in
Jefferson County, that of Tax
Commissioner.

The governor deserves much
credit, we think, for overcoming
the embarrassment of undoing
what he so recently did in the ex-
ercise of the appointive power.

We recall that Mr. Bowman
was one of the first men in Ala-
bama to announce Mr. O'Neal's
candidacy for governor. Mr.
Bowman was a prominent speaker
with Mr. O'Neal against the pro-
posed prohibition amendment,
and later stamped the state in be-
half of Mr. O'Neal's candidacy
for governor. Then he was with
the governor as nominee of the
party and helped to prepare and
adopt a platform for the party.
He took an active part in redem-
ping the platform pledges in the
local option campaign in Jeff-
erson county, and the appointment
of Excise Commissioners. He
also assisted the governor in the
fight for the return of saloons to
the "dry" home county. No
man seemed to be clearer to the
governor than Mr. Bowman.

On account of the intimate re-

lationship in the affairs of the ad-
ministration, it was charged by
some that the governor would
simply "white-wash" charges
preferred against Bowman and
others, and the removal from of-
fice was hardly expected until a
few days ago when the grand
jury of Jefferson county also took
up the matter and preferred in-
dictments against Bowman and
others, and when the State Exam-
iner H. Y. Brooks probed into
the matter and gathered the proof.
The governor has simply done
the inevitable. There was hardly
any alternative. In this he strikes
a heavy blow against official cor-
ruption and establishes a prece-
dent worthy to be followed in
other cases. He sounds a note
for a sound public policy for Ala-
bama. He changes his attitude
on the question of the recall and
exercises the power of recall in
the matter of his own appointees
to office.

The governor frankly admits
that he appointed unworthy men
to office. It must be extremely
humiliating to the governor
Was he disappointed in the men
he honored with office? Did he
not know Mr. Bowman? Did he
appoint Mr. Bowman because of
his special fitness for office? Why
did he make such a blunder any-
way? These are questions which
we cannot answer, and will not
undertake to do so. It must have
been a painful discharge of duty
which the governor has so well
performed.

An Accident and Health Policy gives
you unquestioned protection that pays
you while you live. The cost is very
small. Come to see me or write me
about it.
A. V. Buck, Agent.

Kelley-Sanders.

A beautiful nuptial event of
last week was the marriage of
Miss Pearl Sanders and Mr. Frank
Kelley, which was solemnized
last Thursday evening at the home
of the bride's parents in North-
Coffee. Justice of Peace, J. H.
Fowler officiated.

The home was beautifully de-
corated with vines and greenery.
After the ceremony of matrimony
was performed, a beautiful musi-
cal program was rendered by Prof.
and Mrs. L. H. Hudson.

The bride is a beautiful daugh-
ter of Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Sanders,
of Beat five.

The groom is a hustling young
farmer of that vicinity and a son
of Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Kelley.
Their many friends wish them
a long life and much happiness.
—H. A. D.—

Card of Thanks.

We desire to thank the good
people of this community for their
kindness during the sickness and
death of our husband and
father, and especially our Dr.
Folsom who was so kind and at-
tentive to him during the last
days of his illness.

Hoping that the Savior's great-
est blessings be shown them all.
Mrs. S. H. Nolin and Children.
Starts Much Trouble

If all people knew that neglect
of constipation would result in
severe indigestion, yellow jaun-
dice or virulent liver trouble they
would soon take Dr. King's New
Life Pills, and end it. Its
only safe way. Best for bilious-
ness, headache, dyspepsia, chills
and debility. 25c at All Drug
Stores.

I. and M. A.

On Wednesday afternoon Nov.
1st Mrs. W. P. Boyd entertained
the I. and M. A. A number of
other ladies by special invitation
were present and several of them
became new members of this or-
ganization. The social features
of the afternoon were pleasing.
The pretty home was decorated
with chrysanthemums and grow-
ing plants from the garden and
her love and work for the beau-
tiful. Dainty refreshments were
served in the dining-room.

Mrs. Twine Peterson made an
interesting talk on Civic Improv-

ment, and a cleaning day was set
for Saturday Nov. 11th. The
ladies will serve dinner on the
square for those who work and
will pay the school boys to help.
If possible they will be glad to
have some help from the men.
If they can not work on Saturday,
will they not do something on
Friday some day previous?

Those who have vacant lots are
asked to please examine them and
if not in proper order try to re-
medy this.

The club is anxious that all
work to make Elba beautiful not
only on the square but all over
town.
Cor. Sec. I. M. A.

Balked At Cold Steel.

"I wouldn't let a doctor cut my
foot off," said H. D. Ely, Bann-
town, Ohio, "although a horrible
ulcer had been the plague of my
life for four years. Instead I used
Bucklen's Arnica Salve, and my
foot was soon completely cured."
Heals Burns, Boils, Sores, Bruises,
Eczema, Pimples, Corns. Sorest
Pile cure 25c at All Drug Stores.

Mr. C. C. Mortgage Dead at Tuskegee.

Tuskegee, Ala., Nov. 2.—Possi-
bly the most original exhibit at the
industrial fair is that of the
grave of "C. C. Mortgage." A
perfect grave has been formed,
mound and all, the mound being
entirely covered with ears of corn.
Upon the head board is this in-
scription: "C. C. Mortgage,
Born January 1, 1911, Gone the
way that all cotton mortgages
should go." The initial C. C.
meaning Cotton Crop mortgage.
Hundreds look upon the grave
and very readily appreciate the
farfulness with which the im-
pression is made to stay out of
debt.

"Canada Must Be Annex- ed!"

Freemont, Neb., Nov. 3.—"Can-
ada must be annexed."

This will be the war cry of the
next democratic platform if
Champ Clark has his way. He
said so here.

"Nine-tenths of the people of
this country favor the annexation
of Canada," declared the speaker
of the house of representatives
here today, "and I don't care who
hears me say it. I am willing to
make this proposition: You let
me run for president on a plat-
form calling for annexation of
Canada and let President Taft run
against me, opposing it. Why, I
would carry every state in the
nation."

The speaker did not say whether
or not he would forcibly annex
the dominion, but inasmuch as he
knows.

Kim-Lax will take the place of
colonel. City Drug Co.

"I Suffered Intense Pains in My Left Side."

Do you realize it is better to be
safe than sorry, that it is the best
policy to lock the stable door before
the horse is stolen?

Dr. Miles' Heart Remedy
cured Mrs. C. C. Gokey, of a stub-
born case of heart disease, such as
thousands are now suffering with.
Read what she says:

"Before I began taking Dr. Miles'
Heart Remedy I had been suffering
from heart trouble for over five
years. I had grown so weak that it
was impossible for me to do thirty
minutes work in a whole day. I
suffered intense pains in my left side
and under the left shoulder blade. I
could not sleep on the left side, and
was so short of breath that I thought
I should never be able to take a full
breath again. The least exertion
would bring on the most distressing
palpitation. I had scarcely taken a
half-bottle of the Heart Remedy be-
fore I could see a marked change in
my condition. I began to sleep
well, had a good appetite, and im-
proved so rapidly that when I had
taken six bottles I was completely
cured."
MRS. C. C. GOKEY, Westfield, Vt.

If you have any of the symptoms
Mrs. Gokey mentions, it is your
duty to protect yourself.

Dr. Miles' Heart Remedy
is what you need. If the first bot-
tle fails to benefit, your money is
returned. Ask your druggist.
MILES MEDICAL CO., Elkhart, Ind.



SCHOOL SUPPLIES

Perhaps You Have Never Given Much Consideration

to their purchase, but think for a minute of the long days the little ones must spend
in using them and how much pleasure and satisfaction it means if everything is
just like they want it.

Something that does not suit is a keen disappointment and now is the time that
your children are forming habits and ideas that will have a great influence on their
futures. Failure to equip them with the proper supplies is an actual handicap.

We have taken all these features into consideration in buying our school sup-
plies and the children will receive the same prices, if they come alone, as you do.

Remember we are the school book agents for
the territory around Elba, and that we have
on hand at all times a large stock of all text
books. We can supply your wants any time.

Come to our store and buy your supplies.

See our line of Fountain Pens, they are up-to-date!

City Drug Co.

ELBA, ALA.

MANY FARMERS

W
H
Y
N
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U
S

Would like to keep an account of
their receipts and expenditures if
some one would keep it for them.

Open a bank account with the
First National Bank and you will
find the account keeps itself, with
no expense.

Your checks are always evidence
of date and amount of all dis-
bursements and your deposit book
shows dates and amounts of your
receipts.

Many of your friends and neigh-
bors have accounts with us.

WHY NOT YOU?

Don't wait for a big start—any
amount offered, either large or
small, is cheerfully accepted.
It's a handy convenience to the
farmer as well as the business
man.

First National Bank OF ELBA.

\$10.65

TO
Savannah, Ga., and Return

VIA
ATLANTIC COAST LINE

Automobile Races, Nov. 27-30.

NOVEMBER 27th: W. K. Vanderbilt, Jr., Cup Race.
Tiedeman Trophy Race and
The Savannah Challenge Trophy. **\$20,000**

NOVEMBER 28th: Georgia-Auburn Football Game.

NOVEMBER 30th: Grand Prize Automobile Race.

Tickets on Sale: November 26th, 27th, 28th, 29th and for trains scheduled to
reach Savannah before noon of November 30, 1911.

For further information in regard to rates, schedules, Pullman Car reservations,
private car parties, etc., see your Ticket Agent or communicate with
E. M. North, A. G. P. A. B. T. Morgan, T. P. A. L. P. Green, T. P. A.
Savannah, Ga. Savannah, Ga. Thomasville, Ga.

Just Received

A fresh shipment of

Diamond "C" Hams, Breakfast Bacon, Pickled Pigs Feet.

Get some of these goods in your
next order.

BOTH PHONES 132.

J. H. ROWE & SONS,

Page Block, Elba, Ala.

Locals-Personals

Mr. L. C. Powell went to Opp
today on business.

Miss Alice Boyd is visiting re-
latives at Liverness this week.

Hanford's Balsam cures obstinate
sores.

Hon. M. S. Carmichael visited
Montgomery the first of the week.

Your time means money to you—
therefore insure it.
See A. V. Buck, Agent.

Dr. H. R. Bradley made a busi-
ness trip to Andalusia today.

Mr. Max Morris of Dothan was
here Sunday.

It will pay you to look up our
ad in this issue.

Vaughn & Kendrick.

Mrs. M. S. Carmichael and
children are visiting relatives at
Liverness this week.

Buy a Health and Accident Policy and
protect yourself against loss of time
caused by sickness or accident.
A. V. Buck, Agent.

Mr. and Mrs. C. S. O'Neal and
family, of Andalusia were here
Sunday the guests of Mr. and
Mrs. Claude Riley.

For sprained wrist rub on and
rub in Hanford's Balsam thor-
oughly.

No shelf worn or shoddy goods,
but all first class, and prices that
are right. Vaughn & Kendrick.

Elder R. J. Hataway, and son,
Rufus, were in Elba yesterday
and called in to see us. They
read The Clipper.

More persons are kept from work by
accident and sickness than are idle from
inability to obtain employment. Carry
Health and Accident Insurance.
A. V. Buck, Agent.

Many people attended the big
sale at Morrow Mercantile Com-
last Friday. Mr. Dump Bryan
won the free sewing machine for
bringing the largest crowd to the
sale.

We have what you are looking
for in dry goods, of the latest
styles, come to see us.

Vaughn & Kendrick.

The one Primitive Baptist
Church in Alabama with a
real, live, progressive, Sunday
School, we are informed.

VAUGHN & KENDRICK,

"The Store that carries what you want,
And has it when you want it."

Our stock of Dry Goods, Notions, Shoes, Clothing, Gents Furnishing
Goods, and everything that is carried in an up-to-date dry goods
establishment, is complete and over-flowing. Every article
stylish, seasonable and up-to-date. You will find here
what you are looking for, and our stock is not run
down, neither is it shelf worn, but the very best
that can be bought.

Goods of quality when sold will bring you back again.
Goods that are well bought are easily sold.
Competent and careful salesmen to wait on you.
No chance to buy goods that are not up-to-date.
A big stock to make selections from.
Our business is growing by leaps and bounds;
There is a reason for this.

We appreciate every purchase that is made from us, and will at all
times strive to give you all that your money will buy; and
with the assurance that what you get from us is first
class in every respect.

Come to see us whether you want to buy or not, we will be glad to
show you just the same.

Vaughn & Kendrick,

South Side Square. Elba, Alabama.

P. S. We pay the highest prices for your trade cotton.

Elba Bank & Trust Co.

We pay 4 per cent interest on time deposits.
We loan money and want your business.
We will loan money on your cotton.
We have the best facilities for caring for your
valuables.
We solicit your patronage.
Come to see us when in need of an accom-
modation.

Elba Bank & Trust Co.,

F. P. RAINER, President. Y. W. RAINER, Cashier.

Roeton Items.

Farmers are nearly done gather-
ing cotton in this community.

Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Seay and
daughter Annie Clyde were visitors
to relatives on Teunille R 3 and
Braundridge R 1 the first of the
week.

Mr. and Mrs. H. L. Seay and
Mrs. J. S. Johnston left Thursday
morning to visit Dr. and Mrs. Jesse

Fryer, of Panama City Fla.

Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Wilson
and daughters, Bulah Belle and
Mattie Pearl visited Mr. and Mrs.
Walter Waters Tuesday.

Mr. Cleve Vance was the guest
of Mrs. Jabe Wilson Sunday.

Those who attended the Sing-
ing convention at Chestnut Grove
were Misses Irene and Lois Strick-
lin, Nellie Wilson, and Messrs

Die Wilson, Eugene Dismuke and
Cleve Seay, they all reported a
jolly time.

Mr. Arthur Johnston made a
visit to Panama City, Fla., last
week.

Nellie Wilson.

Notice.

Highest cash price paid for
country produce delivered at the
Hotel Elba.

Gas W. Owens, Prop.

The Morrow Mercantile Co.,

THE BUSY STORE

Hello People! Listen!

Another Big Smash in Prices.

A Money Saving Event: That You Have Been Waiting For.

This is the deepest cut of all, a saving of 40 cents on the dollar.

The greatest and best Sale is the one the people get the most out of, that is the most and best values for their money.

Money at Your Finger Tips.

If you want bigger, better and more bargains than you have ever been offered before then come to the Morrow Mercantile Company's Big Public Sale. We must sell \$10,000 worth of dry goods, clothing, shoes, hats, notions, quilts, underwear, ladies cloaks, furniture, crockery, hardware, tinware, household goods, harness, and groceries by SATURDAY NIGHT, NOVEMBER 11th, 1911.

War Declared! The Fight is On!

We mean to cut the prices to the quick. If you need good honest merchandise, don't let anything keep you away. Our shoes, clothing, Overcoats and Hats will be sold regardless of cost. All profit lost in the Galveston, Texas, Flood. We are going to make this Sale an event long to be remembered in Coffee County. When you come to our store and the price don't suit you, don't go out without buying. Ask to see LOEB, the Price Cutter, known the world over as America's greatest bargain giver. Better known as the working peoples' friend.

Come rain or shine, Bring all your friends, Tell all your neighbors; Lets have an old Southern reunion, and let the Morrow Mercantile Company's store be the 3 Notch Road, as if General Jackson and his army were marching through, and let the goods be Yankees, and the money be bullets. FIRE the money at them boys, carry them away.

Don't forget the Big Public Sale.

We are not giving prices.

Everything sold C H E A P.

THE MORROW MERCANTILE COMPANY,

Rainer's Old Stand.

East Side Square.

Elba, Alabama.

THE ELBA CLIPPER

TWICE-A-WEEK.

ONE DOLLAR A YEAR.

VOL. XV.

ELBA, ALABAMA, FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 10, 1911.

No 41

Hon. Kyle B. Price Speaks of War.

Hon. Kyle B. Price, of Elba, attended the reunion of the United Confederate Veterans at Montgomery this week and delivered an address to the old soldiers. The Montgomery Journal had the following to say of his speech:

Mr. Price in his speech spoke of the war, its effect upon the people and the things it had brought about. He congratulated the old soldiers for the way they stood for the things they thought was just and right.

The speaker honored the womanhood of the south. "Without them," he said "These states would not be for men to live. We cannot do without them and their guiding hand has led us on to many victories."

Mr. Price made an excellent address, and drew a beautiful picture over the lobby of the hotel. One banner was battle scarred and torn. The other was spotless. One had been carried in countless battles by the escort of General Wheeler. The other was presented to commander H. L. Stevenson, of Jacksonville, by the Daughters of General Forney Chapter of the United Daughters of the Confederacy.

The torn one represents the cause of the Confederacy fifty years ago, the spotless one the appreciation of the younger generation for the older men had risked their lives in defense of the country, and the honor and love the Daughters have for the old veterans.

The battle-torn banner is the property of Selma Confederate veterans. It was brought here for the reunion. It is priceless. The flag was carried by General Wheeler in many engagements. It is torn into fragments, but it still holds thoughts of the men who were comrades of Wheeler.

Richeson's Resignation As Pastor Not Accepted.

Boston, Nov. 7.—The Rev. Clarence V. T. Richeson, in his cell in the Charles Street jail today received the refusal of the members of the Immanuel Baptist church at Cambridge, Mass., to accept his resignation. After receiving this evidence of the faith of his parishioners, the young clergyman, charged with the murder of Avis Linnell, dropped to his knees and prayed that God might give him strength to prove his innocence to the world.

Richeson never for a moment has lost confidence that he will be acquitted. Day by day as he sits in his cell, he is outlining plans for his future with as much assurance as though he had never been arrested.

A special meeting of the Immanuel Baptist church to take action on the resignation of Pastor Richeson was one of the most remarkable church gatherings ever held. Women dominated the meeting and with the aid of a few men were able to secure a vote of 80 to 15 against accepting the resignation. While this showed temper of the meeting the vote was finally reconsidered and the question was laid on the table until the monthly meeting of the church on November 24.

The meeting was a stormy one and lasted two hours. It was marked by the sobbing and crying aloud of most of the women present, while not a few men were seen with tears in their eyes.

The women made the plea that to accept the resignation would injure the Rev. Mr. Richeson the eyes of the public, while many men urged the acceptance of the resignation for the good of the church and on the ground that the tendering of the resignation was unsolicited.

Bowman vs. O'Neal.

The issue is made up; a rented theater in Birmingham is the court room; Tuesday night, Nov. 14, 1911, is the time; O'Neal, who he is, and what he is, is the great question to be decided; the people of Alabama are the jurors; Payton G. Bowman is the witness; What will the verdict be?

Card of Thanks.

To the good people of Elba, Enterprise, Dothan and elsewhere on the Atlantic Coast Line:

I desire to express my sincere thanks for the kind acts and words done and said during the recent bereavement that came to me and my children through the death of my husband, Paul B. Johnson. It will ever be a treasured memory of mine that my dear husband had friends such as he had—that he had those qualities of heart and mind that made him one subject of esteem on the part of those with whom he comes in contact. To those who liked and loved him; to those that have been so kind to him and to his loved ones, I can only say that words are too weak to express what I feel. When it seems that all the world has gone wrong, that right is trampled under foot and wrong goes unchecked, such acts of sympathy, love and kindness as have come to us renew my confidence in humanity, and enable me to turn my torn heart toward a Just and loving Father Above.

Mrs. Paul B. Johnson.

The Fifth Sunday Singing.

The Ino singing society with visiting singers met the fifth Sunday in Oct. 1911 and spent the day in singing the good old songs of the Sacred Harp.

House call to order by chairman singing tune "Devotion," after which Bro. H. O. Rhodes offered up a word of prayer. The chairman appointed W. A. Donaldson, Jr., to lead the introductory lesson. Recess ten minutes.

House called to order by chairman singing tune, Show Pity Lord. Music lesson by 4, 15 minutes each: D. S. Teel, J. S. Donaldson, A. B. Wise, O. J. McKay. Recess one hour for refreshments.

Afternoon session. House called to order by chairman, singing tune "Coronation," music lesson by 4, 15 minutes each: J. A. Wilks, J. M. Donaldson, W. J. McKenney, J. M. Davis, closed by vice-chairman.

J. E. Wise chm., P. T. Wise-vice chm., O. J. McKay sect.

Roosevelt's Opinion Of Lorimer Bribery.

Chicago, Nov. 8.—Former President Roosevelt's private opinion of the stories of bribery surrounding the election of William Lorimer as United States senator is now known to the senate committee which is investigating Lorimer's elevation to the senate. The opinion was expressed in a letter by Roosevelt to H. H. Kohlsaat, the Chicago publisher.

In executive session today the committee will decide whether this letter shall become public and a part of the Lorimer inquiry record. It was not until formal demand was made that Kohlsaat gave up the manuscript.

Les O'Neal Browne was again on the stand today. Browne handled many of the democratic votes thrown to Lorimer, and in various confessions by former legislators is accused of having been chief collector of the legislative jackpot.

Business Methods Applied to Government.

The doctrine of the recall is in no sense a "popular vagary." It is purely a democratic doctrine, and it is common sense and business-like. It is simply the principle of a "government by the people." It is a recognition of the right and power of the people to rule. It is the same principle upon which the people are permitted to choose their public servants.

If the people of a state, county or municipality can be trusted to choose their public officers, they should also be trusted to dismiss from office any unworthy and dangerous official. To say they have honesty and intelligence enough rightly to put men in office whom they have not tried, and then to contend that after trying public servants they haven't sense and judgment enough to dismiss an unworthy official is simply too absurd for argument. To say the people would act like a mob in one case is to say they will act the part of a mob in the other. There is just as much reason to mistrust the people in choosing their public servants as to mistrust them in recalling them from office. Those who oppose the recall do it upon grounds of fearing the people. The recall is simply a business method applied to matters of government. Senator Bourne Jr., of Oregon, in his able speech in the United States Senate, on August 5, 1911, on the subject of The Recall of Public Servants, among other things, said:

Adoption of the recall is nothing more than the application of good business principles to Government affairs. Every wise employer reserves the right to discharge an employee whenever the service rendered is unsatisfactory. The right of the employer to discharge his employee rests upon exactly the same basis as the right of the employee to quit. The principle is recognized throughout the business world, and it is put in practice by every large and successful corporation.

Consider the absurdity of the recognition of the right of a public officer to quit his position at any time and the denial of the right of his employers to discharge him. To assert the right in one instance and deny it in the other is to maintain a one-sided contract, the discrimination being against the whole people and in favor of the individual. If we can trust an individual to deal justly with the people when he considers tendering his resignation, we can also trust the people to deal justly with a public servant when they consider discharging him.

Members of this body have the right to resign at will. If a Senator can be trusted to promote the public welfare by tendering his resignation or not tendering it, can not the people of his State be to promote the general welfare by recalling him or not recalling him when the question is placed before them in lawful manner? I have the right and power to quit my office at pleasure; the people of my state should have equal right and power to discharge me from office whenever they believe they can be more faithfully and effectively represented by another in my stead.

It is generally conceded that the American people have intelligence and honesty enough to be trusted with the power to select their public servants, even to choose a President of the United States. If it be granted that the people have intelligence enough to choose a President of the United States, no man can consistently contend that they have not the intelligence to act wisely upon the question of discharging a State, county, or municipal officer. I think no one proposes, at present, to extend the recall to any Federal official except those elected by the people of the several states.

Texans Organized to Hold Their Cotton Crop.

Austin, Tex., Nov. 7.—One hundred and forty-nine chairmen in as many Texas counties have been appointed by Governor O. B. Colquitt to assist in spreading the gospel of "hold your cotton." This fact has become known today when Mr. Colquitt made public a letter he had written to Gov. O'Neal, of Alabama, urging him to follow his lead.

The governor further declared that the campaign of education would be followed with neighborhood meetings in which an endeavor would be made to show cotton planters the advantage of marketing their cotton slowly and in reducing his acreage.

Farmer's Union at Work.

The chairmen are Farmer Union men. Each will be assisted by an additional appointee in each county whom the governor intends to name in the near future.

In support of the campaign projected for this year to hold cotton the governor says his information shows the Indian cotton crop is from 300,000 to 500,000 bales short; that China and Japan will require 500,000 more bales than in 1910 and that the needs of the continent will total a similar amount, making the total consumption of American cotton, according to the governors figures, 14,750,000 bales instead of 13,750,000 bales as announced at the New Orleans meeting of Governors of Southern States.

Gov. Colquitt was chosen at the New Orleans conference to devise ways and means to secure a better price for cotton. He says the letter to Gov. O'Neal outlines the steps he has taken thus far and indicates the plan he thinks the governors of other southern States.

Beattie To Pen.

Richmond, Va., Nov. 8.—Henry Clay Beattie, Jr., condemned to die on November 21, for murdering his young wife, was removed from the city jail to the penitentiary this morning to await execution.

He was locked in a cell in the condemned ward adjoining the electrocution chamber.

Notice.

Notice is hereby given that Sim Goines as guardian of Leve Goines, and Leve Goines have this day made application to have her disabilities of non-age removed, and to be enabled to contract, and to be contracted with, to buy and sell real estate, and to transact all business as if she were twenty-one years of age.

Done in office at Enterprise November 6, 1911.

M. A. Owen, Register. Kin-Lax will take the place of calomel. City Drug Co.

Died of Diphtheria.

Little Frank, three year old son of Mr. and Mrs. Olin Winston, of West Elba, was attacked Tuesday with diphtheria, and died Thursday morning early.

The Clipper sympathizes with the bereaved parents in their sad loss.

This is only case of diphtheria Elba has had, and we hope there will not be other cases.

Harmon Greets Taft; Both Vote in Cincinnati.

Cincinnati, Nov. 7.—President Taft's second day in Cincinnati led him to the polls like thousands of his fellow citizens and made him the guest of the luncheon of the local manufacturers club, where he said he expected to come back to Cincinnati some day to practice law.

Tonight the president was the guest and principal speaker at the banquet and the Commercial Club.

As the conclusion of his speech Mr. Taft retired on board his private car and early tomorrow morning will leave for Frankfort.

Governor Harmon, who came down from St. Louis to vote, met the president and sat with him at the manufacturers luncheon and later in Music Hall, on the platform, where Mr. Taft made his peace speech.

President in Happy Mood.

With his ballots finally cast, Mr. Taft was in happy mood when he spoke. President Robertson introduced him with one of the shortest introductory speeches of his entire experience.

"The President," said Mr. Robertson, and the lunchers applauded.

"I am glad to see that you lawyers are still a necessary evil," said the President. "I am coming back here myself some day to become a necessary evil. I see a good many well-fed lawyers here and have no fear of the future. I am coming back to complete my business with Governor Harmon and Senator Foraker."

In Music Hall, Mr. Taft spoke at length on behalf of the proposed arbitration treaties with Great Britain and France. He said there was nothing inconsistent in his demand that the senate ratify these treaties.

"We ought to use common sense in everything," said the President. "We ought to fortify the Panama Canal to keep it to ourselves and to prevent it from coming into the hands of the enemy."

Order of Publication.

The State of Alabama, } In Chancery at Coffee County. } Enterprise, Ala. Eleventh district, Southeastern Chancery Division.

W. E. Coffield Complainant, vs.

Clara N. Coffield, Defendant.

In this case it is made to appear to the Register, by the affidavit of attorney for complainant that the Defendant Clara N. Coffield resides somewhere in the State of Pennsylvania, the exact place being unknown to affiant. That she is a non-resident of Alabama and further, that, in the belief of said affiant, the Defendant Clara N. Coffield is over the age of twenty-one years.

It is therefore ordered by the Register, that publication be made in the Elba Clipper a newspaper published in Elba, Coffee County Alabama, once a week for four consecutive weeks, requiring Clara N. Coffield the said Defendant to plead, answer or demur to the bill of complaint in this cause, by the 10th day of December 1911, or in thirty days thereafter a decree pro confesso will be taken against her in said cause.

Done at office, in Enterprise, Alabama, this 6 day of November 1911.

M. A. Owen, Register.

5 or 6 doses "666" will cure any Case of Chills and Fever. Price 25c.

POOR ORIGINAL

BLEED THROUGH